



# RF EMP Protector 110 –500 MHz, 100W, N – N Jack CSP-12101

Protection for 50 Ohm coaxial cables, based on High Pass Filter Technology

For RF-power up to 100 W

Low insertion loss operation from 110 to 500 MHz

N-jack (female) for Input and Output

Feed-through installation inside or outside of wall of Faraday cage or metallic housing

Low residual energy protection against overvoltages produced by NEMP / HEMP, lightning or other transients

10 kA surge current capability on inner conductor



The Meteolabor® CSP series RF EMP protectors are specially designed for the protection of coaxial lines. CSP-12101 handles surge currents up to 10 kA on the inner conductor without degradation of performance. A unique mechanical bulkhead design offers easy feed-through installation and compact fitting into Faraday cages, shielded rooms and mechanical enclosures. Single point of entry concepts can be simply realised.

Various transient protection designs for broadband or limited frequency band operation are available. Generally limited frequency band elements provide lower residual energy in the case of transient overvoltages such as produced by atmospheric discharges (lightning, electrostatic discharge) or a High Altitude Electro-Magnetic Pulse (HEMP), sometimes also referred to as Nuclear Electro-Magnetic Pulse (NEMP) or simply EMP.

## **Applications**

The Meteolabor® CSP-12101 RF EMP surge protector element ensures best protection of a broadband VHF and UHF 50 Ohm coaxial line of telecommunication equipment etc. against transient overvoltages (e.g. NEMP / HEMP, lightning).

CSP-12101 is fitted with N-Jacks and is best suited for lines using N connectors, working with RF-power up to 100 W in the frequency range from 110 to 500 MHz. CSP-12101 has very low losses in the passband (110 to 500 MHz), however blocks DC and low frequencies.

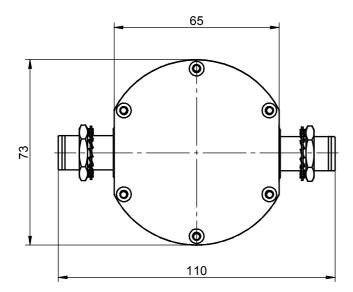
Applications range from mission critical equipment, such as fixed or mobile military installations (e.g. C<sup>4</sup>I facilities) to civilian or industrial projects, requiring high reliability and state-of-the-art protection.

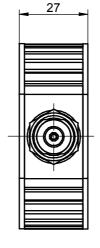
# **Technical Data CSP-12101**

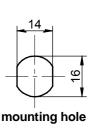
Technical Data CSP-12101		
Application	50 Ohm coaxial line	For VHF and UHF applications 110 – 500 MHz, max. 100 W
Max. operating power	100 W	Matched load
Max. surge current I <sub>Max</sub>	10 kA	Inner conductor → ground, shape 8/20 µs
Nominal surge current I <sub>N</sub>	7.5 kA	Inner conductor $\rightarrow$ ground, shape 8/20 $\mu$ s, 10 pulses at 30s intervals
Residual energy	2 mJ typically	4 kV / 2 kA test pulse, current shape 8/20 μs, 50 Ohm load
Residual voltage	< +/- 65 V	4 kV / 2 kA test pulse, current shape 8/20 μs, 50 Ohm load
Residual energy	400 μJ typically	Fast rising 4 kV, 5/50 ns test pulse, 50 Ohm load
Residual voltage	< +/- 750 V	Fast rising 4 kV, 5/50 ns test pulse, 50 Ohm load
Frequency range	110 to 500 MHz	Insertion loss ≤ 0.2 dB
Return loss	≥ 20 dB	110 to 500 MHz
Connectors	N jack (female)	Unprotected and protected side
Operating temperature	-40°C to +85°C	
Ingress protection	IP 65	when coupled with conform mating connectors
Case material	Alu, nickel-plated	center contacts: gold plating
Installation torque	Max. 25 Nm	Min. 20 Nm for good grounding contact
Dimensions	110 x 27 x ø 73 mm	Major dimensions, details see drawing
Weight	approx. 230 g	



## **Dimensions** [mm]







#### **Installation Notes**

- The CSP series EMP protectors shall be installed by electrically skilled personnel.
- The electrical wiring must be done according to local regulations.
- The max. values stated in this datasheet must not be exceeded under any circumstances.
- Do not exceed max. installation torque of 25 Nm as this can result in permanent damage.
- CSP series EMP protectors may be directly installed into the wall of a Faraday cage as feed-through device. If not used in a Faraday cage good and very short grounding (min. 16mm²) is necessary to carry lightning currents of the outer conductor of the coaxial cable.
- CSP-12101 may be installed in front or rear of the bulkhead, however, note that unprotected / protected side must be installed correct, i.e. the protected side must face the protected side of the cable.

#### **General Recommendations for Protection Installation**

- In order to achieve the full performance of a protection circuit the application of good-practice EMC design techniques is necessary for the whole system to be protected.
- For EMP-protection usually a shield as an electromagnetic barrier to protect a certain volume is necessary. This shield avoids coupling of radiated disturbances inside the protected volume. In addition to shielding all penetrating wires must be protected from conducted transient interferences by an appropriate POE (point of entry) protection.
- Use tested, high quality POE (point of entry) protection elements for all wires entering an electromagnetic shield and install these as feed-through devices, e.g. the Meteolabor® USS-1, USS-2, USP, or PLP series.

# **Ordering Information / Part Number**

CSP-12101 RF EMP surge protector N(f)



#### Caution

For proper function unprotected / protected side must be installed correctly.